Analysis of study shines a light on the burden of disease for people with hemophilia with or without inhibitors

CHOICE (Community Having Opportunity to Influence Care Equity) Project is a first of its kind collaboration to determine needs for people living with hemophilia

- This data analysis from the CHOICE study was supported by HEMA Biologics and focused on persons with hemophilia with inhibitors (PWI) and persons with hemophilia who had never had an inhibitor (non-PWI)
- CHOICE Project was conducted in partnership between the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Hemophilia Federation of America (HFA)
- Participants in the study answered survey questions on a number of topics important to people living with hemophilia, including:
- diagnosis, treatment regimen and treatment products used
- inhibitor status
- joint function and disease (invasive orthopedic procedures, use of pain medication)
- bleeding history

- HIV and hepatitis infection and other comorbidities
- health services utilization (usual source of care, frequency of care, barriers to regular care, delay of care, emergency room utilization and hospitalizations within the past 12 months)

Average length of hospital stay (days)

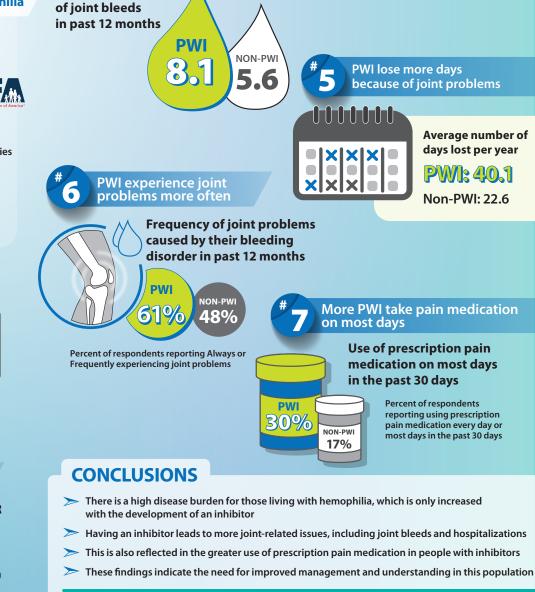


PWI make more emergency room visits



Percent of people visiting an ER in the past 12 months





PWI suffer from more joint bleeds

Average number

In this new era of treatment options for people living with a bleeding disorder, HEMA Biologics aspires to help improve the health and care for people living with an inhibitor

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